

# AN011: INTERFACING A GSS CO<sub>2</sub> SENSOR TO AN ARDUINO

#### **ABSTRACT**

The purpose of this application note is to explain how to connect a GSS CO<sub>2</sub> sensor to an Arduino board. Arduino is an open-source hardware and software company that designs and manufactures single-board microcontrollers and microcontroller kits for building digital devices. There are number of different hardware options available, and most allow easy connection to a GSS CO<sub>2</sub> sensor.

GSS sensors have a variety of methods to communicate with an external microcontroller, including UART and I<sup>2</sup>C digital serial ports, as well as legacy analogue interfaces.

For the purposes of this application note, it will concentrate on the popular UART interface although similar principles apply when using the I<sup>2</sup>C interface.

The sample code implements a software UART, using two general purpose digital I/O pins on the Arduino UNO to communicate with the GSS sensor. All data from this UART is passed to the Arduino UNO hardware UART and allows data to be transferred to PC via the Arduino USB connection. The connection diagram works with the sample code, but it is possible to use other pins, if the corresponding modifications are made to the code.



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#### **BASIC PRINCIPLES**

A UART interface, or universal asynchronous receiver-transmitter, is one of the most common device-to-device communication protocols. The UART interface consists of two signals, the Transmitter (Tx) and Receiver (Rx), which transmit and receive serial data intended for serial communication. All current GSS gas sensors have an UART interface.

With the exception of the CozIR-Blink, which must be power-cycled to enable normal operation, all GSS gas sensors include a dedicated UART interface that can be used to easily connect to an Arduino board without any additional hardware.

#### **CONNECTING TO AN ARDUINO**

The Arduino has a number of re-configurable digital I/O pins. In this case, the example makes use of the SoftwareSerial driver built into the Arduino software to enable two digital pins to emulate a UART interface. The Arduino board must be connected to the GSS sensor UART interface. The Arduino board is also capable of supplying ~400mA of power on the 3.3V supply pin, sufficient for any GSS sensor.

The table below shows the connections for the Arduino Uno board and a CozIR-A CO₂ sensor.

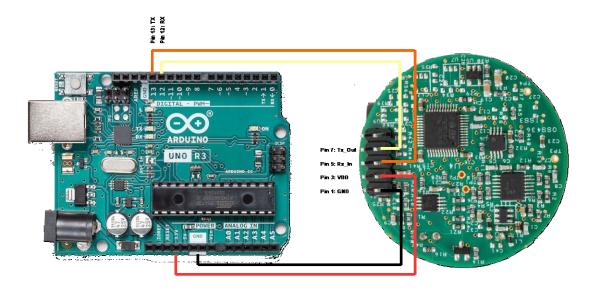
| Arduino Uno |      |                | GSS CozIR-A |        |               |
|-------------|------|----------------|-------------|--------|---------------|
| Pin         | Name | Description    | Pin         | Name   | Description   |
| 13          | Tx   | Digital Output | 5           | Rx_In  | UART Receive  |
| 12          | Rx   | Digital Input  | 7           | Tx_Out | UART Transmit |
| 4           | +3V3 | Supply         | 3           | VDD    | Sensor Supply |
| 6 or 7      | GND  | Ground         | 1           | GND    | Sensor Ground |

As soon as power is applied to a GSS gas sensor, and the UART connection is enabled, it automatically begins to report gas concentration levels without any user intervention. The exception to this rule is the CozIR®-Blink, which will automatically report a single measurement only. The CozIR®-Blink will cease to report further measurements until it has been power-cycled.



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#### CONNECTING THE ARDUINO UNO TO THE COZIR-A SENSOR



### **SOFTWARE STRUCTURE**

The example software acts as a bridge between the sensor UART and the Arduino UNO UART / USB connection to the HOST PC. The software consists of a free running loop, continuously checking for characters being received from either of the two UART interfaces on the Arduino UNO. All data received is transmitted to the alternate UART without any interpretation or modification. Two buffers are used to store ASCII characters temporarily, allowing the UARTs to operate at different baud rates.



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#### SAMPLE CODE FOR COZIR-A AMBIENT SENSOR

```
#include <SoftwareSerial.h>
#define TxPin 13
                             // Tx pin 13, connect to sensor Rx pin 5
#define RxPin 12
                            // Rx pin 12, connect to sensor Tx pin 7
#define BUFFSIZE 15
                             // used for both sensor and PC buffers
SoftwareSerial GSSSerial(RxPin,TxPin); //Rx Tx
// RdPCBuffer is a linear buffer, read full command line before sending to sensor
// RdBuffer is a circular buffer, echoing characters from sensor to PC
char RdBuffer[BUFFSIZE], RdPCBuffer[BUFFSIZE];
int InS,OutS,PCPtr;
                            // pointers used to control the buffers
void setup()
 pinMode(RxPin, INPUT); // Sensor Rx
 pinMode(TxPin, OUTPUT); // Sensor Tx
 InS=0;
                            // initialise buffer pointers
OutS=0;
 PCPtr=0:
Serial.begin(115200);
                           // to USB, initialise serial via USB (baud rate can be changed)
 GSSSerial.begin(9600);
                           // sensor serial comms (change to 38400 for SprintIR-R & Blink)
// GSSSerial.print("*\r\n");
                            // send debug command if required, to confirm serial comms
}
void loop()
if(ReadSensor())
                           // check for data from sensor
  {
  do
   Serial.print(RdBuffer[OutS]); // data available, send to terminal (PC)
   if(++OutS==BUFFSIZE) // circular buffer, wrap pointer back to start
   OutS=0;
   }while(OutS!=InS);  // output all available chars
                           // only true when complete command received ending with'\n'
if(ReadPC())
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                                                                       Revision 1.0, 8 July 2021
```



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```
RdPCBuffer[PCPtr]=0;
                    // null terminate string
 GSSSerial.print(RdPCBuffer); // send string received from PC to Sensor
 PCPtr=0;
                        // reset string
}
//-----
int ReadSensor(void)
{
if(GSSSerial.available()) // have any chars been received from sensor
RdBuffer[InS++] = GSSSerial.read(); // read char
if(InS==BUFFSIZE) // if end of allocated buffer memory
 InS=0;
                       // reset pointer, to create a circular buffer
return true;
                       // char received
                     // no char received
return false;
}
int ReadPC(void)
{
if(Serial.available())  // has any char been received from PC
RdPCBuffer[PCPtr] = Serial.read(); // Yes, copy char to buffer
if(RdPCBuffer[PCPtr++]=='\n') // was it new line character
                       // full line, return true
 return true;
}
                       // \n not yet received
return false;
}
//-----
```



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#### **CONCLUSION**

The example software can be compiled and run using the Arduino IDE. The Arduino IDE also includes a serial monitor (Ctrl+Shift+M), which enables serial data being sent by the Arduino UNO to be analysed. The baud rate (used by the sensor) must be set using the drop-down menu on the Arduino IDE.



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#### **REVISION HISTORY**

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| 08/07/2021 | 1.0     | First revision         | All   |